**SYSMAC C1000H/C2000H** 



SYSMAC C60H

Smallest PLC in the SYSMAC C Series

SYSMAC CPM1A

SYSMAC C200H /C200HS

SYSMAC C20H /C28H /C40H

V1-type CPU Units
Now Available

SYSMAC CPM1A

SYSMAC C20P/C28P/C40P

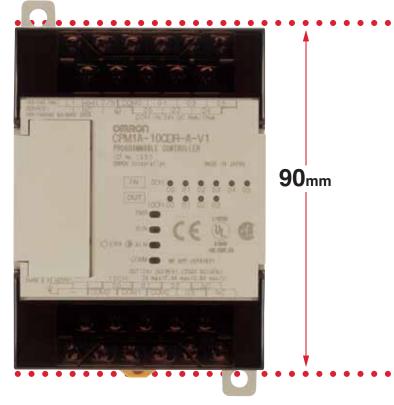
transister outer the create are new additions.



# The Smallest PLC in the SYSMAC Fam Just How Far Downsizing Can Go

The SYSMAC C Series began developing a wide range of Programmable Controllers to meet factory automation needs in 1973. And now the CPM1A joins the C Series history as a small PLC that has all the power of previous small PLCs but requires far less mounting space. The CPM1A also provides flexibility in I/O capacity ranging from 10 to 100 I/O points. The CPM1A can replace relay control, help distribute I/O, work as a miniature machine controller or sensor controller, or fill many other vital roles in factory automation.

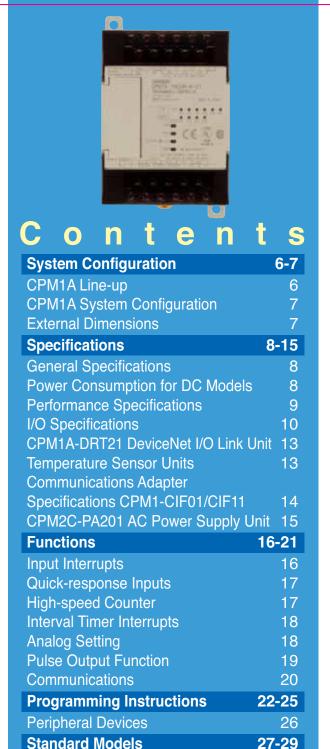
The 10-point CPU is approximately the size of a PC Card.



# Programmable Controllers

# ily Shows





This catalog contains information necessary to select models.

**Expansion Memory Unit** 

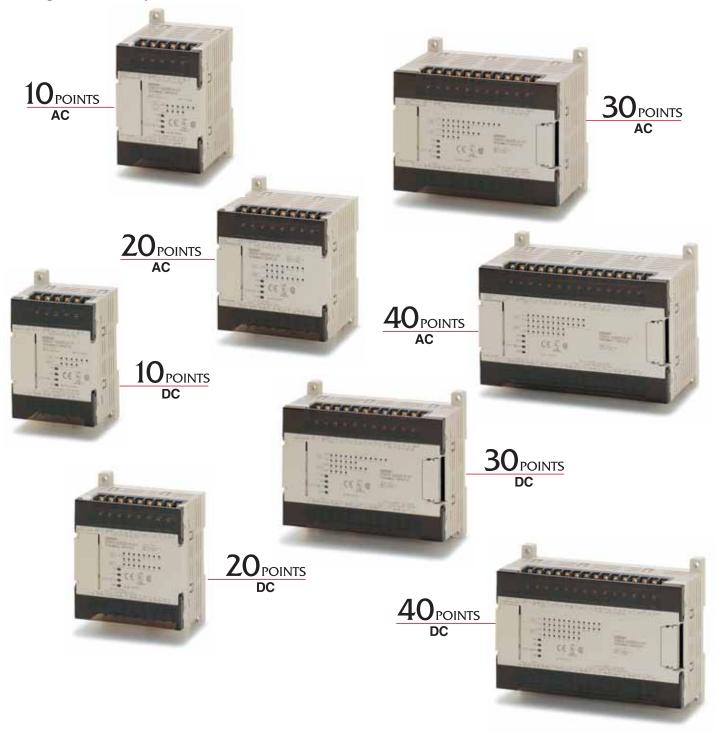
It does not include precautionary information.

Please refer to the CPM1A manuals for the required information.

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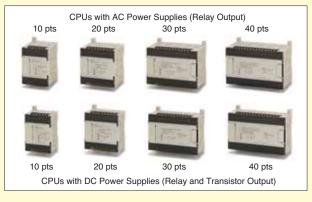
# Flexible Control and Plenty of Power in the Minimum Body Size

The CPM1A can be easily built into a wide array of machines or control panels. For example, you can use the CPM1A to control a few more I/O points on existing lines without having to install a new control panel. Just install the CPM1A in available space to control only the required number of I/O. The CPM1A was born to reduce waste in the factories by effectively using valuable space.



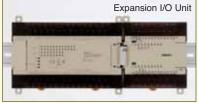
# Select Units to Control from 10 to 100 I/O Points

CPUs are available with from 10 to 40 I/O points and, in combination with Expansion I/O Units, can be used to control a total of from 10 to 100 points.



Only 30- and 40-point CPUs support Expansion I/O Units. Up to three Expansion I/O Units can be connected

CPM1A-20EDR1/-20EDT(1) CPM1A-8ED/-8ER/8ET(1)



# SCPM1AC

# **Easy Connection to Programmable Terminals**

An optional Communications Adapter supports Host Link or NT Link connections for high-speed communications with OMRON PTs.



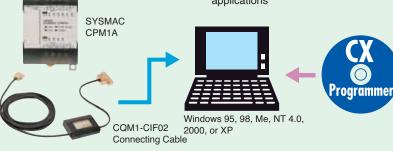
# Windows-based Support Software

The Windows-based CX-Programmer Support Software reduces software development time and provides powerful monitoring and debugging functions. Other Windows applications can be used and the programming environment has been greatly improved.

# Reduce Software Development Time with Windows-based CX-Programmer

CX-Programmer's many monitoring and debugging functions provide powerful support for multiple program development.

- User-friendly operations
- Powerful display/monitoring functions
- Powerful debugging functions
- Remote programming and monitoring
- Maintenance functions
- Data compatibility with Windows applications



### **Programming Consoles**

Hand-held Programming Consoles are ideal for onsite startup and adjustments.



# Full Functionality in a Compact Body

Plenty of programming capacity and a large instruction set handle even complex control operations.

User memory: 2,048 words Data memory: 1,024 words Timers/Counters: 128 Basic instructions: 14 Special instructions: 79 Analog adjustments: 2

# **High-speed Execution**

LOAD instructions execute at 1.7  $\mu$ s and MOVE instructions execute at 16.3  $\mu$ s for fast program execution. High-speed scanning is thus possible even with large programs. Interrupt inputs and quick-response inputs can be used to handle high-speed pulses that are too fast for the scan time.

# **System Configuration**

# **■ CPM1A Line-up**

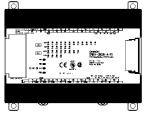
**CPU** with AC Power Supply

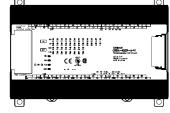
- DC input RY output / TR output
- **CPU** with DC Power Supply
- DC input RY output / TR output

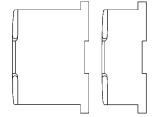












10 I/O points (Expansion not possible)

20 I/O points (Expansion not possible)

30 I/O points

40 I/O points

#### **Expansion I/O Unit**

# **Expansion I/O Unit**

- DC input
- RY output / TR output

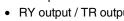
#### DeviceNet I/O CompoBus/S **Link Unit** I/O Link Unit

Analog I/O Unit

**Temperature Sensor Units** 



RY output / TR output

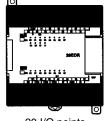




CPM1A-SRT21

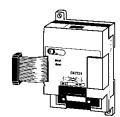


















**RS-232C Adapter** 

**RS-422 Adapter** 



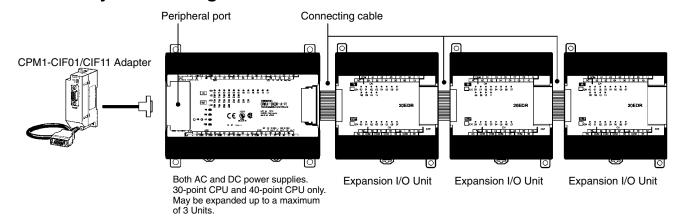




CPM1-CIF11

# **System Configuration**

# ■ CPM1A System Configuration



#### **Connection Groups for Expansion Units**

Group 1 (G1)	Group 2 (G2)
Expansion I/O Units,	CPM1A-TS002/102
Analog I/O Unit,	
CompoBus/S I/O LInk Unit	
DeviceNet I/O Link Unit	
CPM1A-TS001/101	

In addition to the CPU Unit, Expansion Units from the groups indicated in the above table can be combined as shown below.

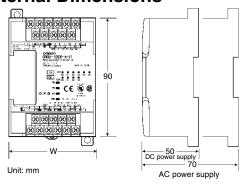
#### **Possible Expansion Unit Combinations**

Expansion Unit 1	Expansion Unit 2	Expansion Unit 3
G1	G1	G1
G2	G1	

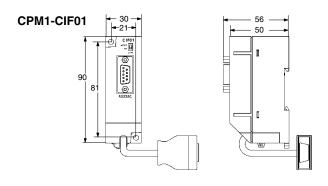
Note: 1. Expansion Units 1, 2, and 3 can be mounted in any order.

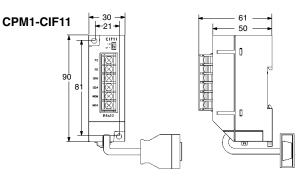
2. Only one Expansion Unit can be mounted if an NT-AL001 is connected to the RS-232C port.

## External Dimensions



Model	W (mm)
CPM1A-10CD□-A-V1/D-V1	66
CPM1A-20CD□-A-V1/D-V1	86
CPM1A-30CD□-A-V1/D-V1	130
CPM1A-40CD□-A-V1/D-V1	150
CPM1A-20ED□	86 (depth: 50 mm)
CPM1A-8E□/SRT21	66 (depth: 50 mm)
CPM1A-MAD01	66 (depth: 50 mm)
CPM1A-TS□□□/MAD11	86 (depth: 50 mm)
CPM1A-DRT21	60 (depth: 50 mm)





# ■ General Specifications

Item		10-point I/O	20-point I/O	30-point I/O	40-point I/O	
Power supply voltage/ AC power supply		100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz				
frequency	DC power supply	24 VDC				
Operating voltage	AC power supply	85 to 264 VAC				
range	DC power supply	20.4 to 26.4 VDC				
Power consumption	AC power supply	30 VAC max.		60 VAC max.		
	DC power supply	(See below.)				
Inrush current		30 A max.		60 A max.		
External power supply (AC only)	Power supply voltage	24 VDC				
	Power supply output capacity	200 mA		300 mA		
Insulation resistance		20 M $\Omega$ min. at 500 terminal.	$20~\text{M}\Omega$ min. at 500 VDC between the AC terminals and the protective earth terminal.			
Dielectric strength		2,300 VAC at 50/60 Hz for one minute with a leakage current of 10 mA max. between all the external AC terminals and the protective earth terminal.				
Noise resistance		Conforms to IEC61000-4-4, 2 kV (power lines)				
Vibration resistance		10 to 57 Hz with an amplitude of 0.075 mm, and 57 to 150 Hz with an acceleration of 9.8 m/s $^2$ in the X, Y, and Z directions for 80 minutes each (i.e. swept for 8 minutes, 10 times).				
Shock resistance		147 m/s <sup>2</sup> in the X, Y and Z directions 3 times each.				
Ambient temperature (o	perating)	0° to 55°C				
Ambient humidity (opera	ating)	10% to 90% (no condensation)				
Ambient environment (c	perating)	With no corrosive gas				
Ambient temperature (s	torage)	-20° to 75°C				
Terminal screw size		M3				
Power supply holding til	me	10 ms min. for AC models, and 2 ms min. for DC models				
Weight		AC model: 400 g max. DC model: 300 g max.	AC model: 500 g max. DC model: 400 g max.	AC model: 600 g max. DC model: 500 g max.	AC model: 700 g max. DC model: 600 g max.	

**Note:** The specifications of the Expansion I/O Unit are the same as for the CPU except that the power is supplied from the CPU and the weight is 300 g.

# ■ Power Consumption for DC Models

The power consumptions for CPM1A CPU Units and Expansion I/O Units are given in the tables below. Use them to calculate the required power supply capacity. The CPM2C-PA201 provides a 15-W power supply. Any surplus power that is beyond that required for the PLC itself can be used for servicing devices such as sensors.

CPM1A CPU Unit	Power consumption	Expansion
CPM1A-10CDR-D-V1	3.5 W	Not supported
CPM1A-20CDR-D-V1	4.5 W	Not supported
CPM1A-30CDR-D-V1	5.5 W	Supported
CPM1A-40CDR-D-V1	6.5 W	Supported
CPM1A-10CDT-V1/T1-D-V1	3 W	Not supported
CPM1A-20CDT-V1/T1-D-V1	3.5 W	Not supported
CPM1A-30CDT-V1/T1-D-V1	4 W	Supported
CPM1A-40CDT-V1/T1-D-V1	4.5 W	Supported

CPM1A Expansion I/O Unit	Power consumption
CPM1A-20EDR1	2.5 W
CPM1A-20EDT/T1	1.5 W
CPM1A-8ED	1 W
CPM1A-8ER	2 W
CPM1A-8ET/T1	1 W
CPM1A-SRT21/DRT21	1 W
CPM1A-MAD01/MAD11	3.5 W
CPM1A-TS001/TS101	3 W
CPM1A-TS002/TS102	3 W

Note: The power consumption for CPU Units includes the power consumption of Programming Consoles and Units such as RS-232C Adapters

# ■ Performance Specifications

ŀ	tem	10-point I/O	20-point I/O	30-point I/O	40-point I/O
Control method		Stored program meth	od		
I/O control method		Combination of the cy	clic scan and immedia	te refresh processing r	nethods.
Programming language		Ladder diagram			
Instruction word		1 step per instruction	, 1 to 5 words per instru	ıction	
Types of	Basic instructions	14 types			
instructions	Special instructions	79 types, 139 instruct	tions		
Instruction	Basic instructions	0.72 to 16.2 μs			
execution time	Special instructions	MOV instruction = 16	.3 μs		
Program capaci	ty	2,048 words			
Maximum I/O points	CPU only	10 points (6 input/ 4 output points)	20 points (12 input/ 8 output points)	30 points (18 input/ 12 output points)	40 points (24 input/ 16 output points)
	With Expansion I/O Unit			90 points (54 input/ 36 output points)	100 points (60 input/ 40 output points)
Input bits		00000 to 00915 (Wor	ds 0 to 9)		
Output bits		01000 to 01915 (Wor	ds 10 to 19)		
Work bits (IR Ar			3115 (IR 200 to IR 231	•	
Special bits (SR	Area)	384: SR 23200 to SR	25515 (SR 232 to SR	255)	
Temporary bits (	(TR Area)	8: TR 0 to TR 7			
Holding bits (HF	R Area)	320: HR 0000 to HR	1915 (HR 00 to HR 19)		
Auxiliary bits (Al	R Area)	256: AR 0000 to AR	1515 (AR 00 to AR 15)		
Link bits (LR Are	ea)	256: LR 0000 to LR 1515 (LR 00 to LR 15)			
Timers/Counters	S	128: TIM/CNT 000 to 127 100-ms timer: TIM 000 to TIM 127 10-ms timer: TIM 000 to TIM 127 Decremental counter, reversible counter			
Data memory	Read/Write	1,024 words (DM 0000 to DM 1023)			
	Read only	512 words (DM 6144	to DM 6655)		
Interrupt process External interrup		2 points (Response time of 0.3 ms max.) 4 points (Response time of 0.3 ms max.)			
Memory protecti	ion	Maintains the contents of the HR, AR, Counter and Data Memory Areas.			
Memory backup		Flash memory: User program, data memory (Read only) (Non-battery powered stor-			
		age) Super capacitor: Data memory (Read/Write), holding bits, auxiliary memory bits, counter (20-day storage at an ambient temperature of 25°C)			
Self-diagnostic f	unction	CPU error (watchdog timer), memory errors, I/O bus errors			
Program check		No END instruction programming errors (constantly checked during operation)			
Pulse output		1 point: 2 kHz			
High-speed counter		1 point: Single phase at 5 kHz or two-phase at 2.5 kHz (linear counting method) Incremental mode: 0 to 65535 (16-bit) Decremental mode: -32767 to 32767 (16-bit)			
		1 point: Single phase at 5 kHz or two-phase at 2.5 kHz (linear counting method) Incremental mode: 0 to 65535 (16-bit) Decremental mode: -32767 to 32767 (16-bit)			
Quick-response	inputs	Together with the external interrupt input (minimum pulse width of 0.2 ms)			
Input time const	ant	Can be set at 1 ms, 2 ms, 4 ms, 8 ms, 16 ms, 32 ms, 64 ms, or 128 ms.			
Analog settings		2 points: (0 to 200)			

Note: Bits that are not used for the I/O bits can be used as work bits.

# ■ I/O Specifications

# **Input Circuit**

## <u>CPU</u>

Item	Specifications	Circuit
Input voltage	24 VDC +10%/_15%	IN Input
Input impedance	IN00000 to IN00002: 2 k $\Omega$ Others: 4.7 k $\Omega$	4.7 kΩ (2 kΩ)
Input current (typical)	IN00000 to IN00002: 12 mA Others: 5 mA	IN 820 kΩ \$ \square \square   \
ON voltage	14.4 VDC min.	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ \hline & & \\ \end{array}$
OFF voltage	5.0 VDC max.	
ON delay (see note 1)	1 to 128 ms max. (default: 8 ms) (see note 1)	Note The polarity of the input power supply can be either positive or negative.
OFF delay (see note 1)	1 to 128 ms max. (default: 8 ms) (see note 1)	Resistance values in parentheses are for inputs IN00000 to IN00002.

Note: 1. The actual ON/OFF delay includes an input constant of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128 ms (default: 8 ms).

2. The delays for IN00000 to IN00002 are as follows when used for the high-speed counter.

Input	Increment mode	Differential phase mode	
IN00000 (A-phase)	5 kHz	2.5 kHz	
IN00001 (B-phase)	Normal input		
IN00002 (Z-phase)	ON: 100 μs max. OFF: 500 μs max.		

3. The delays for IN00003 to IN00006 are as follows when used for the high-speed counter.

Delay	0.3 ms max. (From the time of input ON until the interrupt subroutine is executed.)
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## **Expansion I/O Unit**

Item	Specifications	Circuit
Input voltage	24 VDC, +10%/_15%	IN Input
Input impedance	4.7 kΩ	LED
Input current (typical)	5 mA	4.7 kΩ
ON voltage	14.4 VDC min.	IN 820 Ω \$ ¥ \$ Circuito
OFF voltage	5.0 VDC max.	Circuits
ON delay	1 to 128 ms max. (default: 8 ms) (see note)	
OFF delay	1 to 128 ms max. (default: 8 ms) (see note)	Note The polarity of the input power supply can be either positive or negative.

Note: The actual ON/OFF delay includes an input constant of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, or 128 ms (default: 8 ms).

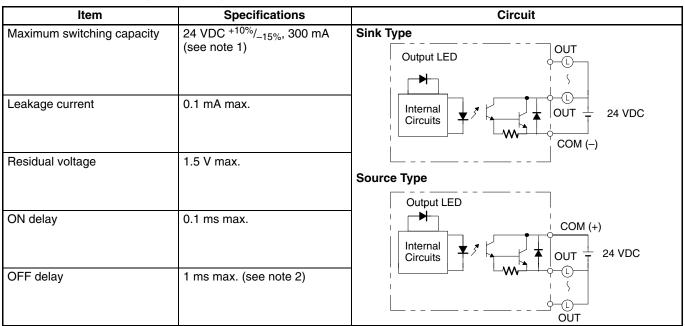
## **Output Circuit**

## **CPU and Expansion I/O Unit**

#### **Relay Output**

	Item		Specifications	Circuit		
Maximum switching capacity		capacity	250 VAC/2 A (cos φ =1) 24 VDC/2 A (4 A/common)	Output	OUT (	
Minimum	switching o	capacity	5 VDC, 10 mA		(L)—,	
Relay service life	Electrical	Resis- tance load	150,000 times (at 24 VDC)	Internal Circuits	OUT	
		Inductive 100,000 times (at 220 VAC, load cosφ=0.4)			Maximum 250 VAC: 2 A	
	Mechanical 20 million times			24 VDC: 2 A		
ON delay	ON delay		15 ms max.			
OFF dela	OFF delay		15 ms max.			

## Transistor Output (Sink Type/Source Type) (CPU/Expansion I/O Unit)



**Note:** 1. The maximum switching capacity of the CPM1A with transistor outputs (sink type and source type) are limited to the currents shown in the following table for the common and for the Unit.

Item	10CDT-V1/	20CDT-D-V1/	30CDT-D-V1/	40CDT-D-V1/	20EDT/	CPM1A-8ET/
	10CDT1-A-V1/D-V1	20CDT1-A-V1/D-V1	30CDT1-A-V1/D-V1	40CDT1-A-V1/D-V1	20EDT1	8ET1
Max. switching capacity	0.9 A/Unit	0.9 A/common 1.8 A/Unit	0.9 A/common 2.7 A/Unit	0.9 A/common 3.6 A/Unit	0.9 A/comn 1.8 A/Unit	non

2. When using the pulse output function of the CPM1A with transistor outputs (sink type and source type):

The output current must be within a range from 100 to 200 mA when using the output 01000 or 01001 as a pulse output with the maximum frequency of 2 kHz. The outputs 01000 and 01001 will vary depending on the output current.

Load current	OFF delay
100 to 200 mA	0.2 ms max.
0 to 300 mA except for the above range	0.5 ms max.

# ■ Analog I/O Unit

		CPM1A	A-MAD01	CPM1A	A-MAD11	
		Voltage I/O	Current I/O	Voltage I/O	Current I/O	
Analog	Number of inputs	2		2 (2 words allocated)		
inputs	Input signal range	0 to 10 V/1 to 5 V	4 to 20 mA	0 to 5 V/1 to 5 V/0 to 10 V/–10 to 10 V	0 to 20 mA/ 4 to 20 mA	
	Maximum rated input	±15 V	±30 mA	±15 V	±30 mA	
	External input impedance	1 MΩ min.	250 Ω rated	1 MΩ min.	250 Ω	
	Resolution	1/256		1/6,000 (full scale)		
	Overall precision	1.0% of full scale		25°C: ±0.3% of full scale	25°C: ±0.4% of full scale	
				0 to 55°C: ±0.6% of full scale	0 to 55°C: ±0.8% of full scale	
	Converted A/D data	8-bit binary		Binary data (hexadecimal, 4 di	gits)	
				-10 to 10 V input range: Full so Other input ranges: Full scale:		
Analog	Averaging			Supported (Set for each input	using a DIP switch.)	
outputs (See note 2.)	Disconnection detection			Supported		
11016 2.)	Number of outputs	1		1 (1 word allocated)	(1 word allocated)	
	Output signal range	0 to 10 V/ -10 to 10 V	4 to 20 mA	1 to 5 V/0 to 10 V/ -10 to 10 V	0 to 20 mA/ 4 to 20 mA	
	External output max. current	5 mA				
	External output allowed load resistance		350 Ω	1 kΩ min.	600 Ω max.	
	External output impedance			$0.5~\Omega$ max.		
	Resolution	1/256 (1/512 for out to 10 V)	put signal range –10	1/6,000 (full scale)		
	Overall precision	1.0% of full scale		25°C: ±0.4% of full scale		
				0 to 55°C: ±0.8% of full scale		
	Data setting	8-bit binary with sign bit				
	Set D/A data			Binary data (hexadecimal, 4 digits)		
			-10 to 10 V input range: Full scale = F448 to 0BB8 Hex Other input ranges: Full scale = 0000 to 1770 Hex			
Conversi	on time	10 ms/Unit max. (See note 1.)		2 ms/point (6 ms for all points)		
Isolation method		Photocoupler isolati terminals and PLC ( between the analog	There is no isolation	Photocoupler isolation between circuits (There is no isolation b	n analog I/O and internal etween the analog I/O signals.)	

Note 1. The conversion time is the total time for 2 analog inputs and 1 analog output.

2. The voltage output and current output can be used at the same time, but the total output current cannot exceed 21 mA.

# ■ CompoBus/S I/O Link Unit

## **Specifications**

Item	Specification
Model number	CPM1A-SRT21
Master/Slave	CompoBus/S Slave
Number of I/O bits	8 input bits, 8 output bits
Number of words occupied in	1 input word, 1 output word
CPM1A I/O memory	(Allocated in the same way as other Expansion Units)
Node number setting	Set using the DIP switch.

Note: See the CompoBus/S Catalog (Q103) for more details on CompoBus/S communications.

# ■ CPM1A-DRT21 DeviceNet I/O Link Unit

By connecting the DeviceNet I/O Link Unit (CPM1A-DRT21), the CPM2A can function as the slave of a DeviceNet D Master Unit. In this configuration, I/O links for up to 32 inputs and 32 outputs can be created.

#### **Specifications**

Item	Specification	
Master/slave	DeviceNet slave	
Model number	CPM1A-DRT21	
Number of I/O points between Unit and Master	Input: 32 points Output: 32 points	
Number of words allocated from CPM2A's I/O memory	Input: 2 words Output: 2 words (Allocated in the same way as other Expansion Units.)	
Node address setting method	Set using DIP switch.	
Maximum number of connectable nodes  63 (CS1) 32 (CVM1/CV) 25 (C200HX/HG/HE) 16 (C200HS)		
	(The series names in parentheses are for the CPU Unit to which the Master Unit is mounted.)	

# **■ Temperature Sensor Units**

By mounting a Temperature Sensor Unit (CPM1A-TS001/TS002/TS101/TS102) to the PC, input can be obtained from a thermocouple or platinum resistance thermometer, and temperature measurements can be converted to binary data (4-digit hexadecimal) and stored in the input area of the CPU Unit. For details on the maximum number of connectable Units, refer to 7.

#### **Specifications**

Item	Specification		
Model number	CPM1A-TS001/002	CPM1A-TS101/102	
Number of inputs	2 (TS001), 4 (TS002)	2 (TS101), 4 (TS102)	
Input types	K, J switchable (Note: Same input for all input points.)	Pt100, JPt100 switchable (Note: Same input for all input points.)	
Indication accuracy	[The larger of the indicated value $\pm 0.5\%$ and $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C] $\pm 1$ digit max.	[The larger of the indicated value $\pm 0.5\%$ and $\pm 1^{\circ}$ C] $\pm 1$ digit max.	
Conversion time	250 ms/2 points (TS001, TS101); 250 ms/4 points (TS002, TS102)		
Converted temperature data	Binary (4-digit hexadecimal)		
Isolation method	Photocoupler isolation between the temperature input signals.		

**Note:** The indication accuracy when using a K-type thermocouple for temperatures less than  $-100^{\circ}$ C is  $\pm 4^{\circ}$ C  $\pm 1$  digit max.

#### Input Temperature Ranges for CPM1A-TS001/002

The rotary switch can be used to make of the following range and input type settings for CPM1A-TS001/002 models.

Input type	Range (°C)	Range (°F)
К	-200 to 1300	-300 to 2300
	0.0 to 500.0	0.0 to 900.0
J	-100 to 850	-100 to 1500
	0.0 to 400.0	0.0 to 750.0

#### Input Temperature Ranges for CPM1A-TS101/102

The rotary switch can be used to make of the following range and input type settings for CPM1A-TS101/102 models.

Input type	Range (°C)	Range (°F)
Pt100	-200.0 to 650.0	-300 to 1200.0
JPt100	-200.0 to 650.0	-300 to 1200.0

# ■ Communications Adapter Specifications CPM1-CIF01/CIF11

# RS-232C Adapter and RS-422 Adapter

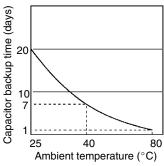
Item	Specifications			
	CPM1-CIF01	CPM1-CIF11		
Functions	Level conversion between the CMOS level (CPU side) and the RS-232C (peripheral device side)	Level conversion between the CMOS level (CPU side) and the RS-422 (peripheral device side)		
Insulation	The RS-232C (peripheral device side) is insulated by a DC/DC converter and photocoupler.	The RS-422 (peripheral device side) is insulated by a DC/DC converter and photocoupler.		
Power supply	Power is supplied by the CPU.			
Power consumption	0.3 A max.			
Transmission speed	38.4 Kbits/s max.	38.4 Kbits/s max.		
Vibration resistance	10 to 57 Hz with an amplitude of 0.075 mm, and 57 to 150 Hz with an acceleration of 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> in the X, Y and Z directions for 80 minutes each in accordance (i.e. swept for 8 minutes, 10 times).			
Shock resistance	147 m/s <sup>2</sup> in the X, Y and Z directions 3 times each.			
Ambient temperature (operating)	0° to 55°C			
Ambient humidity (operating)	10% to 90% (with no condensation)			
Ambient environment (operating)	With no corrosive gas			
Ambient temperature (storage)	-20° to 75°C			
Weight	200 g max.			

# ■ Memory Backup

The user program and memory area data in the CPU Unit are backed up by either one of the following methods.

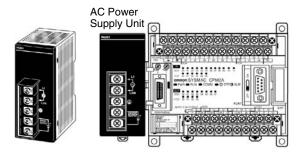
- Flash Memory: User program, read-only DM area (DM 6144 to DM 6599), and PC Setup area (DM 6600 to DM 6655).
- Internal Capacitor:
   DM areas other than the above, HR area, AR area, and Counter area.

The capacitor provides backup for a power interruption lasting 20 days at room temperature. If the power is expected to remain OFF for a period exceeding this data backup period, consideration must be given to the design of the system so that no problems will occur when the set values become undefined ones. For further details, refer to *CPM1A Operation Manual (W317)*.



# ■ CPM2C-PA201 AC Power Supply Unit

The CPM2C-PA201 is a compact, streamlined Unit that can be used as the power supply for PCs, such as the CPM1A and CPM2A, and indicators. (When using the CPM2C-PA201, connection must be performed by the user.)



## **Specifications**

	Item		Specification	
Rated output			15 W	
Output voltage			24 VDC	
Output current			600 mA	
Efficiency			75% min. (at rated output)	
Input conditions	Rated voltage		100 to 240 VAC	
	Allowable volta	ge range	85 to 264 VAC	
	Frequency		47 to 63 Hz	
	Current	100 V	0.4 A	
		200 V	0.2 A	
	Leakage	100 V	0.5 mA max. (at rated output)	
	current	200 V	1 mA max. (at rated output)	
	Inrush current	100 V	15 A (at 25°C cold start)	
		200 V	30 A (at 25°C cold start)	
Output	Output voltage	accuracy	5%/-10% max.;10%/-15% max. (including input, load, and temperature fluctuations)	
characteristics	Minimum outpu	ıt current	30 mA	
	Ripple noise vo	oltage	2% (p-p) max.	
	Input fluctuation		0.75% max.	
	Load fluctuation		4% max.	
	Temperature fluctuation		0.05%/°C max.	
	Startup time		300 ms max. (at input voltage of 100 VAC or 200 VAC and the rated output)	
	Output hold tim	ie	10 ms (at input voltage of 100 VAC or 200 VAC and the rated output)	
Overcurrent prote	ection		Self-resetting, operates at 105% to 335% of the rated current, suspended and intermittent operation	
Overvoltage prote	ection		None	
Ambient operatin	g temperature		0 to 55°C	
Ambient storage	temperature		-20 to 70°C (no condensation or icing)	
Ambient operatin	g humidity		10% to 90%	
Dielectric strengt	h		2,000 V for 1 min between all inputs and GR Detection current: 10 mA	
			3,000 V for 1 min between all inputs and all outputs Detection current: 10 mA	
			1,000 V for 1 min between all outputs and GR Detection current: 10 mA	
Insulation resistance			100 M $\Omega$ min. at 500 VDC between all outputs and any input, and between all outputs and GR	
Vibration resistance			10 to 57 Hz, double amplitude of 0.075 mm, 57 to 150 Hz, acceleration: 9.8 m/s <sup>2</sup> in X, Y, and Z directions for 80 minutes according (Time coefficient: 8 minutes × coefficient factor 10 = total time 80 min.)	
Shock resistance			147 m/s <sup>2</sup> 3 times each in X, Y, and Z directions	
Noise terminal vo	oltage		FCC class A	
Weight			250 g max.	
External dimension	ons		$40 \times 65 \times 90 \text{ mm } (W \times H \times D)$	

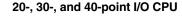
0003

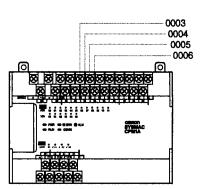
0004

# ■ Input Interrupts

There are two input interrupts in the CPM1A 10-point I/O CPU and four in the 20-, 30-, and 40-point I/O CPUs. Input interrupts are available in two modes.

#### 10-point I/O CPU

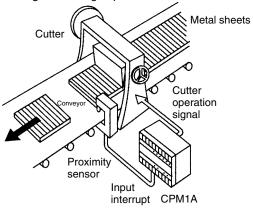




## **Application Example:**

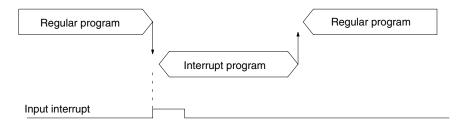
#### **Cutting Metal Sheets to Specified Lengths**

The proximity sensor detects the edge of a metal plate to operate the cutter. Metal sheets can be cut continuously to the specified lengths at a high speed.



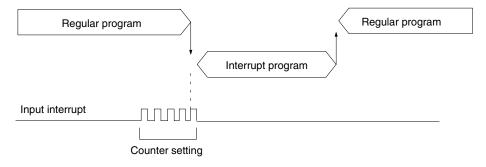
#### **Input Interrupt Mode**

If an input interrupt occurs, the regular program shuts down irrelevant of the cycle time, and the interrupt processing program is executed immediately.



#### **Counter Mode**

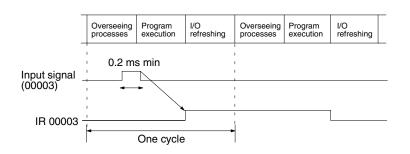
When the number of external signals counted at high speed reaches a specified number of counts, the regular program shuts down, and the interrupt processing program is executed at fixed counts. The count can be set between 0 and 65535.



# **■ Quick-response Inputs**

There are two quick-response inputs for the CPM1A 10-point I/O CPU and four for the 20-, 30-, and 40-point I/O CPU (shared with the interrupt inputs). Since an internal buffer is provided, the quick-response input function can even detect signals modified within one cycle.

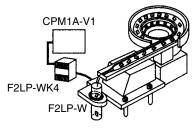
CPU	Input no.	Minimum input pulse width
10-point I/O CPU	00003 to 00004	0.2 ms
20-point, 30-point, 40-point I/O CPU	00003 to 00006	



#### **Application Example:**

#### **Calculating the Number of Chips**

The metal sensor counts the number of parts that have passed. Steady counting can be achieved even when the input-ON time is short.

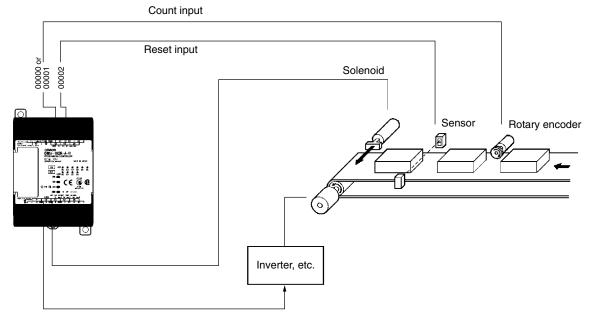


# ■ High-speed Counter

The CPM1A has a high-speed counter function that can be used in the incrementing and up/down mode. Using this function together with the input interrupts enables zone comparison control or target value control irrelevant of the cycle time.

	Item	Incrementing mode	Up/Down mode
Input no.	00000	Count input	A-phase input
	00001		B-phase input
	00002	Reset input	Z-phase input
Input method		Single-phase input	Phase-difference, 4× inputs
Count frequen	псу	5.0 kHz	2.5 kHz
Count range		0 to 65535	-32767 to 32767

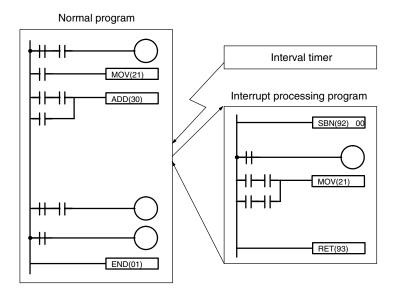
**Note:** When using in the incrementing mode, the input 00001 can be used as an input contact.



# ■ Interval Timer Interrupts

The CPM1A has one interval timer. The interval timer shuts down the regular program irrelevant of the point in the cycle once the time is up, and immediately executes an interrupt processing program. Interval timers are used in the following two modes.

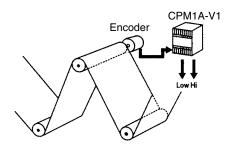
Item	One-shot mode	Scheduled interrupt mode		
Operation	An interrupt is executed only once when the time is up.	Interrupts are executed repeatedly at fixed periods.		
Setting time	0.5 ms to 319,968 ms (0.1-ms units)			



#### **Application Example:**

## **Computing the Sheet Speed**

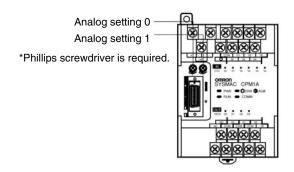
The number of pulse inputs is computed in the interrupt mode at a fixed time to calculate the speed.



# Analog Setting

The CPM1A contains two analog setting controls that can be used for a broad range of analog timer and counter settings. Turning the setting control stores values of 0 to 200 (BCD data) in the SR area.

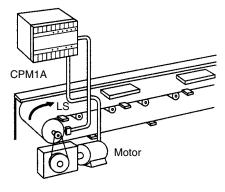
Analog setting	Storage area	Setting value (BCD)
Analog setting 0	SR 250	0000 to 0200
Analog setting 1	SR 251	



#### **Application Example:**

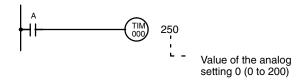
#### **Tact Operation Control of Conveyor Lines**

A conveyor can be stopped temporarily as required for assembly processes. When the timer function and limit switches are used in a combination, conveyors can be stopped for a fixed time or can be run at a constant speed for a fixed distance. Fine adjustment of the stopping time can be easily done by using the analog setting controls.

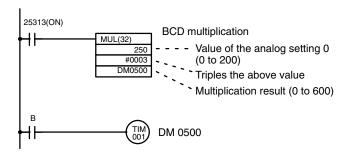


## **Program Example**

1. Analog timer for 0.0 to 20.0 seconds



#### 2. Analog timer for 0.0 to 60.0 seconds



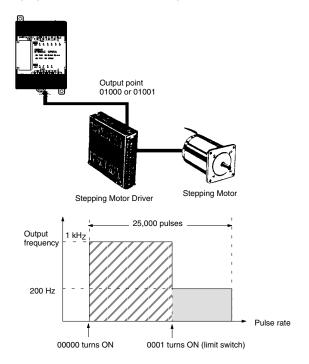
# **■ Pulse Output Function**

The CPM1A with transistor output has a function that is capable of outputting a pulse of up to 2 kHz.

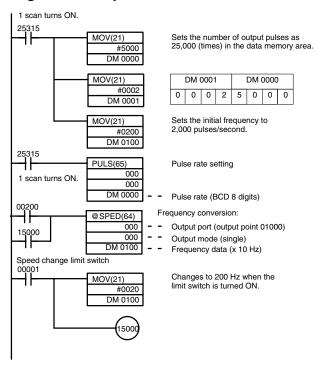
When used in combination with a Stepping Driver or Servodriver, positioning can be easily performed.

## **Application Example**

Changing the speed of the Stepping Motor.



# **Program Example**

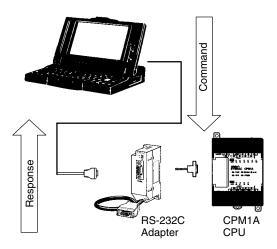


# **■** Communications

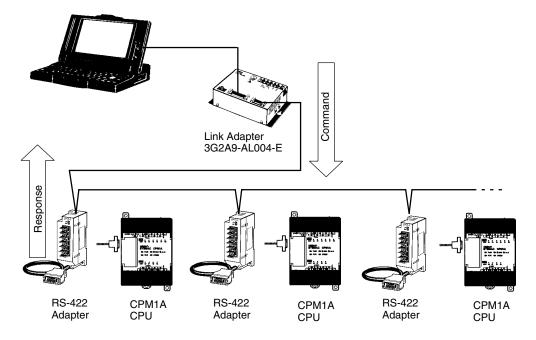
## **Host Link Communications**

CPM1A host link communications consist of interactive procedures whereby the CPM1A returns a response to a command sent from the IBM PC/AT or compatible computer. These communications allow the IBM PC/AT or compatible computer to read and write in the CPM1A's I/O Areas and Data Memory Areas as well as in areas containing the status of various settings.

#### 1:1 Host Link Communications



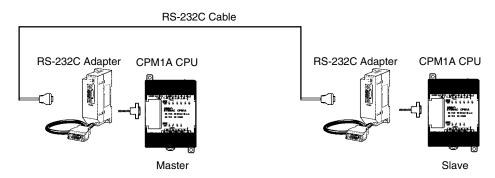
## 1:n Host Link Communications

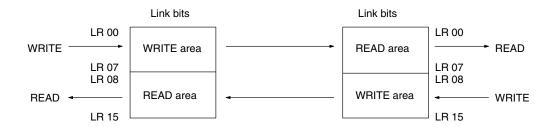


## 1:1 Links

With a 1:1 link, two CPM1As or a CPM1A and CQM1 or C200H are connected 1:1 with one side as the Master and the other as the Slave to provide an I/O link of a maximum of 256 points (LR 0000 to LR 1515).

#### Example of a 1:1 Link between CPM1As



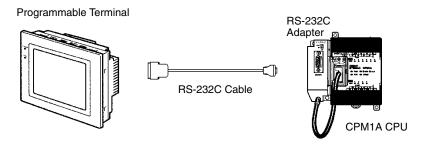


#### Limitations of the CPM1A 1:1 Link

CPM1A I/O links are limited to 16 words (LR 00 to LR 15). Therefore, use these 16 words (LR 00 to LR 15) on the CQM1 or C200H $\square$  side when forming 1:1 links with a CQM1 or C200H $\square$ .

## **NT Links**

High-speed communications can be achieved by providing a direct access through the use of the NT Link between the CPM1A and Programmable Terminal.



# **Summary of Programming Instructions**

## ■ Function Code Chart

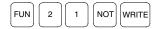
Table sym- bols	Details	Key operations for specifying program- ming instructions
0	Allocated to instruction keys on the Program- ming Console. These need not be specified with function codes.	
Code	Special instructions specified with function codes.	FUN - Code - WRITE

#### ■ Differentiated Instructions

Differentiated instructions can sometimes be used for CPM1A special instructions. Instructions marked with (@) in the mnemonics can also be used as differentiated instructions. Here the input rise time (shift from OFF to ON) is used to execute the instruction in just one cycle.

To specify an instruction, press the NOT Key after the function code.

Example: Specifying the @MOV (21) instruction



# ■ Sequence Instructions

#### **Sequence Input Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
LOAD	LD	0	Connects an NO condition to the left bus bar.
LOAD NOT	LD NOT	0	Connects an NC condition to the left bus bar.
AND	AND	0	Connects an NO condition in series with the previous condition.
AND NOT	AND NOT	0	Connects an NC condition in series with the previous condition.
OR	OR	0	Connects an NO condition in parallel with the previous condition.
OR NOT	OR NOT	0	Connects an NC condition in parallel with the previous condition.
AND LOAD	AND LD	0	Connects two instruction blocks in series.
OR LOAD	OR LD	0	Connects two instruction blocks in parallel.

Note: O: Instruction keys allocated to the Programming Console.

#### **Sequence Output Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
OUTPUT	OUT	0	Outputs the result of logic to a bit.
OUT NOT	OUT NOT	0	Reverses and outputs the result of logic to a bit.
SET	SET	0	Force sets (ON) a bit.
RESET	RSET	0	Force resets (OFF) a bit.
KEEP	KEEP	11	Maintains the status of the designated bit.
DIFFER- ENTIATE UP	DIFU	13	Turns ON a bit for one cycle when the execution condition goes from OFF to ON.
DIFFER- ENTIATE DOWN	DIFD	14	Turns ON a bit for one cycle when the execution condition goes from ON to OFF.

**Note:** O: Instruction keys allocated to the Programming Console.

#### **Sequence Control Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
NO OPERA- TION	NOP	00	
END	END	01	Required at the end of the program.
INTER- LOCK	IL	02	If the execution condition for IL(02) is OFF, all outputs are turned OFF and all timer PVs reset between IL(02) and the next ILC(03).
INTER- LOCK CLEAR	ILC	03	ILC(03) indicates the end of an interlock (beginning at IL(02)).
JUMP	JMP	04	If the execution condition for JMP(04) is ON, all instructions between JMP(04) and JME(05) are treated as NOP(00).
JUMP END	JME	05	JME(05) indicates the end of a jump (beginning at JMP(04)).

#### **■ Timer/Counter Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
TIMER	TIM	0	An ON-delay (decrementing) timer.
COUNTER	CNT	0	A decrementing counter.
RE- VERSIBLE COUNTER	CNTR	12	Increases or decreases PV by one.
HIGH- SPEED TIMER	TIMH	15	A high-speed, ON-delay (decrementing) timer.

**Note:** O: Instruction keys allocated to the Programming Console.

# ■ Step Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
STEP DE- FINE	STEP	08	Defines the start of a new step and resets the previous step when used with a control bit. Defines the end of step execu- tion when used without a con- trol bit.
STEP START	SNXT	09	Starts the execution of the step when used with a control bit.

# ■ Increment/Decrement Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
INCRE- MENT	(@)INC	38	Increments the BCD content of the specified word by 1.
DECRE- MENT	(@)DEC	39	Decrements the BCD content of the specified word by 1.

# ■ BCD/Binary Calculation Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
BCD ADD	(@)ADD	30	Adds the content of a word (or a constant).
BCD SUB- TRACT	(@)SUB	31	Subtracts the content of a word (or constant) and CY from the content of a word (or constant).
BCD MUL- TIPLY	(@)MUL	32	Multiplies the contents of two words (or constants).
BCD DI- VIDE	(@)DIV	33	Divides the content of a word (or constant) by the content of a word (or constant).
BINARY ADD	(@)ADB	50	Adds the contents of two words (or constants) and CY.
BINARY SUB- TRACT	(@)SBB	51	Subtracts the content of a word (or constant) and CY from the content of a word (or constant).
BINARY MULTIPLY	(@)MLB	52	Multiplies the contents of two words (or constants).
BINARY DIVIDE	(@)DVB	53	Divides the content of a word (or constant) by the content of a word and obtains the result and remainder.
DOUBLE BCD ADD	(@)ADDL	54	Add the 8-digit BCD contents of two pairs of words (or constants) and CY.
DOUBLE BCD SUB- TRACT	(@)SUBL	55	Subtracts the 8-digit BCD contents of a pair of words (or constants) and CY from the 8-digit BCD contents of a pair of words (or constants).
DOUBLE BCD MUL- TIPLY	(@)MULL	56	Multiplies the 8-digit BCD contents of two pairs of words (or constants).
DOUBLE BCD DI- VIDE	(@)DIVL	57	Divides the 8-digit BCD contents of a pair of words (or constants) by the 8-digit BCD contents of a pair of words (or constants).

## ■ Data Conversion Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
BCD TO BINARY	(@)BIN	23	Converts 4-digit BCD data to 4-digit binary data.
BINARY TO BCD	(@)BCD	24	Converts 4-digit binary data to 4-digit BCD data.
4 TO 16 DECODER	(@)MLPX	76	Takes the hexadecimal value of the specified digit(s) in a word and turns ON the corresponding bit in a word(s).
16 TO 4 DECODER	(@)DMPX	77	Identifies the highest ON bit in the specified word(s) and moves the hexadecimal val- ue(s) corresponding to its location to the specified digit(s) in a word.
ASCII CODE CONVERT	(@)ASC	86	Converts the designated digit(s) of a word into the equivalent 8-bit ASCII code.

## **Data Comparison Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
COMPARE	CMP	20	Compares two four-digit hexadecimal values.
DOUBLE COMPARE	CMPL	60	Compares two eight-digit hexadecimal values.
BLOCK COMPARE	(@)BCMP	68	Judges whether the value of a word is within 16 ranges (defined by lower and upper limits).
TABLE COMPARE	(@)TCMP	85	Compares the value of a word to 16 consecutive words.

## ■ Data Movement Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
MOVE	(@)MOV	21	Copies a constant or the content of a word to a word.
MOVE NOT	(@)MVN	22	Copies the complement of a constant or the content of a word to a word.
BLOCK TRANS- FER	(@)XFER	70	Copies the content of a block of up to 1,000 consecutive words to a block of consecutive words.
BLOCK SET	(@)BSET	71	Copies the content of a word to a block of consecutive words.
DATA EX- CHANGE	(@)XCHG	73	Exchanges the content of two words.
SINGLE WORD DIS- TRIBUTE	(@)DIST	80	Copies the content of a word to a word (whose address is determined by adding an offset to a word address).
DATA COL- LECT	(@)COLL	81	Copies the content of a word (whose address is determined by adding an offset to a word address) to a word.
MOVE BIT	(@)MOVB	82	Copies the specified bit from one word to the specified bit of a word.
MOVE DIGIT	(@)MOVD	83	Copies the specified digits (4-bit units) from a word to the specified digits of a word.

# **■ Logic Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
COMPLE- MENT	(@)COM	29	Turns OFF all ON bits and turns ON all OFF bits in the specified word.
LOGICAL AND	(@)ANDW	34	Logically ANDs the corresponding bits of two words (or constants).
LOGICAL OR	(@)ORW	35	Logically ORs the corresponding bits of two words (or constants).
EXCLU- SIVE OR	(@)XORW	36	Exclusively ORs the corresponding bits of two words (or constants).
EXCLU- SIVE NOR	(@)XNRW	37	Exclusively NORs the corresponding bits of two words (or constants).

## **■** Shift Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
SHIFT REGISTER	SFT	<b>)/10</b>	Copies the specified bit (0 or 1) into the rightmost bit of a shift register and shifts the other bits one bit to the left.
WORD SHIFT	(@)WSFT	16	Creates a multiple-word shift register that shifts data to the left in one-word units.
ASYNCH- RONOUS SHIFT REGISTER	(@)ASFT	17	Creates a shift register that ex- changes the contents of adja- cent words when one is zero and the other is not.
ARITH- METIC SHIFT LEFT	(@)ASL	25	Shifts a 0 into bit 00 of the specified word and shifts the other bits one bit to the left.
ARITH- METIC SHIFT RIGHT	(@)ASR	26	Shifts a 0 into bit 15 of the specified word and shifts the other bits one bit to the right.
ROTATE LEFT	(@)ROL	27	Moves the content of CY into bit 00 of the specified word, shifts the other bits one bit to the left, and moves bit 15 to CY.
ROTATE RIGHT	(@)ROR	28	Moves the content of CY into bit 15 of the specified word, shifts the other bits one bit to the right, and moves bit 00 to CY.
ONE DIGIT SHIFT LEFT	(@)SLD	74	Shifts a 0 into the rightmost digit (4-bit unit) of the shift reg- ister and shifts the other digits one digit to the left.
ONE DIGIT SHIFT RIGHT	(@)SRD	75	Shifts a 0 into the leftmost digit (4-bit unit) of the shift register and shifts the other digits one digit to the right.
RE- VERSIBLE SHIFT REGISTER	(@)SFTR	84	Creates a single or multiple- word shift register that can shift data to the left or right.

Note: O: Instruction keys allocated to the Programming Console

# ■ Special Calculation Instruction

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
BIT COUNTER	(@)BCNT		Counts the total number of bits that are ON in the specified block of words.

## ■ Subroutine Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
SUBROU- TINE EN- TER	(@)SBS	91	Executes a subroutine in the main program.
SUBROU- TINE ENTRY	SBN	92	Marks the beginning of a sub- routine program.
SUBROU- TINE RE- TURN	RET	93	Marks the end of a subroutine program.
MACRO	MCRO	99	Calls and executes the speci- fied subroutine, substituting the specified input and output words for the input and output words in the subroutine.

# ■ Interrupt Control Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
INTERVAL TIMER	(@)STIM	69	Controls interval timers used to perform scheduled interrupts.
INTER- RUPT CONTROL	(@)INT	89	Performs interrupt control, such as masking and unmask- ing the interrupt bits for I/O in- terrupts.

# ■ Peripheral Device Control Instructions

#### I/O Unit Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
7-SEG- MENT DE- CODER	(@)SDEC	78	Converts the designated digit(s) of a word into an 8-bit, 7-segment display code.
I/O RE- FRESH	(@)IORF	97	Refreshes the specified I/O word.

## **Display Instruction**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
MESSAGE	(@)MSG	46	Reads up to 8 words of ASCII code (16 characters) from memory and displays the message on the Programming Console or other Peripheral Device.

# **High-speed Counter Control Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
MODE CONTROL	(@)INI	61	Starts and stops counter operation, compares and changes counter PVs, and stops pulse output.
PV READ	(@)PRV	62	Reads counter PVs and status data.
COMPARE TABLE LOAD	(@)CTBL	63	Compares counter PVs and generates a direct table or starts operation.

## **Pulse Output Control Instructions**

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
SPEED OUTPUT	(@)SPED	64	Outputs pulses at the specified frequency. The output frequency can be changed while the pulses are being output.
SET PULSES	(@)PULS	65	Outputs the specified number of pulses at the specified frequency. The pulse output cannot be stopped until the specified number of pulses have been output.

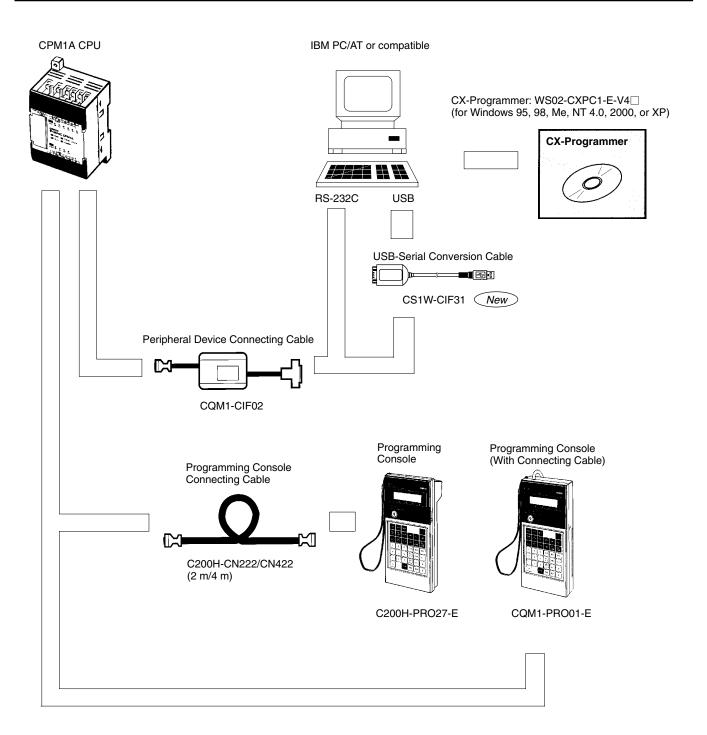
# ■ Damage Diagnosis Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
FAILURE ALARM	(@)FAL	06	Generates a non-fatal error when executed. The Error/ Alarm indicator flashes and the CPU continues operating.
SEVERE FAILURE ALARM	FALS	07	Generates a fatal error when executed. The Error/Alarm indicator lights and the CPU stops operating.

# ■ Special System Instructions

Instruction	Mnemonic	Code	Function
SET CARRY	(@)STC	40	Sets Carry Flag 25504 to 1.
CLEAR CARRY	(@)CLC	41	Sets Carry Flag 25504 to 0.

# **Peripheral Devices**



# **Standard Models**

The abbreviations used in the "Standards" column in the following tables indicate the following international standards. U: UL, C:CSA, UC: cULus, CU: cUL, N: NK, L: Lloyd, CE: EC Directives

See OMRON sales representatives for conditions under which UL, CSA, cULus, cUL, NK, LLOYD, and CE standards were met.

# **■ CPU Units**

Name	Power supply	Output method	Input points	Output points	Model	Standards
10-point I/O	AC power supply	Relay output	6 points	4 points	CPM1A-10CDR-A-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)			CPM1A-10CDT-A-V1	U, C, CE
		Transistor output (source type)			CPM1A-10CDT1-A-V1	U, C, CE
	DC power supply	Relay output			CPM1A-10CDR-D-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)			CPM1A-10CDT-D-V1	U, C, CE, N
		Transistor output (source type)	-		CPM1A-10CDT1-D-V1	
20-point I/O	AC power supply	Relay output	12 points	8 points	CPM1A-20CDR-A-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)	-		CPM1A-20CDT-A-V1	U, C, CE
and the second s		Transistor output (source type)	-		CPM1A-20CDT1-A-V1	U, C, CE
	DC power supply	Relay output	=		CPM1A-20CDR-D-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)	=		CPM1A-20CDT-D-V1	U, C, CE, N
		Transistor output (source type)	=		CPM1A-20CDT1-D-V1	
30-point I/O	AC power supply	Relay output	18 points	12 points	CPM1A-30CDR-A-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
The state of the s		Transistor output (sink type)	-		CPM1A-30CDT-A-V1	U, C, CE
		Transistor output (source type)	=		CPM1A-30CDT1-A-V1	U, C, CE
	DC power supply	Relay output	=		CPM1A-30CDR-D-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)	=		CPM1A-30CDT-D-V1	U, C, CE, N
		Transistor output (source type)	=		CPM1A-30CDT1-D-V1	
40-point I/O	AC power supply	Relay output	24 points	16 points	CPM1A-40CDR-A-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)			CPM1A-40CDT-A-V1	U, C, CE
		Transistor output (source type)			CPM1A-40CDT1-A-V1	U, C, CE
The second secon	DC power supply	Relay output			CPM1A-40CDR-D-V1	U, C, N, L, CE
		Transistor output (sink type)	=		CPM1A-40CDT-D-V1	U, C, CE, N
		Transistor output (source type)			CPM1A-40CDT1-D-V1	

# **Standard Models**

# ■ Expansion I/O Units

Expansion Unit	Max. number of Units	Output type	Inputs	Outputs	Model		Standards
Expansion I/O	3 Units	Relay	12	8	CPM <sup>-</sup>	1A-20EDR1	U, C, CE, N
Units	max. (See	Transistor (sinking)			CPM1	A-20EDT	U, C, CE, N
	note.)	Transistor (sourcing)			CPM1	A-20EDT1	U, C, CE, N
			8		CPM1	A-8ED	U, C, CE, N
		Relay		8	CPM1	A-8ER	U, C, CE, N
		Transistor (sinking)		8	CPM1	A-8ET	U, C, CE, N
		Transistor (sourcing)			CPM	1A-8ET1	U, C, L, CE, N
Analog I/O Unit	3 Units max. (See note.)	Analog (resolution: 1/256)	2	1	CPM	1A-MAD01	U, C, CE, N
	3 Units max. (See note.)	Analog (resolution: 1/6000)	2	1	СРМ	1A-MAD11	U, C, CE, N
DeviceNet I/O Link Unit	3 Units max. (See note.)		32 (I/O link input bits)	32 (I/O link output bits)	CPM	1A-DRT21	U, C, CE, N
CompoBus/S I/O Link Unit	3 Units max. (See note.)		I/O link of 8 and 8 outpu		CPM	11A-SRT21	U, C, CE, N

Note: Only one Expansion Unit can be connected if an NT-AL001 Adapter is connected to the CPU Unit's RS-232C port.

# ■ Temperature Sensor Units

Unit	Output type	Model	Standards
Temperature Sensor Units	2 thermocouple inputs	CPM1A-TS001	U, C, CE, N
	4 thermocouple inputs	CPM1A-TS002	U, C, CE, N
	2 platinum resistance thermometer inputs	CPM1A-TS101	U, C, CE, N
	4 platinum resistance thermometer inputs	CPM1A-TS102	U, C, CE, N

# **Standard Models**

# ■ RS-232C Adapter, RS-422 Adapter, Connecting Cable, Link Adapter

Name	Function	Model	Standards
RS-232C Adapter	Converts peripheral port levels.	CPM1-CIF01	U, C, N, L, CE
RS-422 Adapter		CPM1-CIF11	
Connecting Cable	3.3-m cable used to connect IBM PC/AT or compatible personal computers.	CQM1-CIF02	U, C, N, L, CE
USB-Serial Conversion Cable	Converts between USB and RS-232C, cable length: 0.5 m. PC Driver included (CD-ROM). Applicable OS: Windows 98, Me, 2000, or XP	CS1W-CIF31	N, CE
Link Adapter	Converts RS-232C and RS-422 levels.	3G2A9-AL004-E	

# ■ Programming Console

Name		Function	Model	Standards
Programming Console		With a 2-m cable	CQM1-PRO01-E	U, C, N, CE
			C200H-PRO27-E	U, C, N, CE
		2-m Connecting Cable for C200H-PRO27-E	C200H-CN222	N
		4-m Connecting Cable for C200H-PRO27-E	C200H-CN422	

# ■ Programming Software

Name	Operating system	Operating environment	Model
CX-Programmer (1 licence)	Windows 95, 98, Me, NT 4.0, 2000, or XP	Used in IBM PC/AT or compatible personal computers (Pentium)	WS02-CXPC1-E-V4□
CX-Programmer Junior Version (1 license, supports CPM□□ and SRM1 only)	Windows 95, 98, Me, NT 4.0, 2000, or XP	Used in IBM PC/AT or compatible personal computers (Pentium)	WS02-CXPC1-EJ-V4□

# ■ Backup Accessories

Name	Model	Standards
Expansion Memory Unit	CPM1-EMU01-V1	
256-K EEPROM for Expansion Memory Unit	EEROM-JD	

# ■ Power Supply Unit

Unit	Input	Output	Model	Standards
AC Power Supply Unit	100 to 240 VAC	600 mA at 24 VDC	CPM2C-PA201	U, C, CE

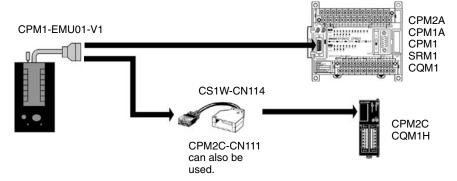
# **Expansion Memory Unit**

# **■ Expansion Memory Unit**

The Expansion Memory Unit allows programs to be uploaded and downloaded between PC and EEPROM with the press of a button. It is a useful device for program maintenance and correction.



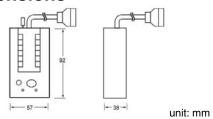
# **■ Connection Configuration**



# ■ Specifications

Item	Specifications		
Supported PCs	CPM1, CPM1A, CPM2A, CPM2C, SRM1 (-V2), CQM1, CQM1H		
Read/Write memory areas	User program: 15.2 Kwords max. Data memory: DM 6144 to DM 6655 (Read-only DM and PC Setup) Expansion instructions: 18 instructions		
Connector Connector compatible with CPM1, CPM1A, CPM2A, SRM1 (-V2), and CQM1 PCs.			
	For CPM2C and CQM1H PCs, connect via CS1W-CN114 or CPM2C-CN111 Connecting Cable.		
EEPROM (sold separately)	256-Kbit EEPROM ATMEL: AT28C256 OMRON: EEROM-JD		
Current consumption	129 mA max.		
Dimensions	Main body (not including cables or connectors): 57 × 92 × 38 mm (W × H × D)		
Weight	200 g max. (not including EEPROM)		

## Dimensions



# ■ Memory Areas

The memory areas that are uploaded or downloaded vary with the button used as shown in the following table.

Memory area			
	UPLOAD + DM	UPLOAD	DOWNLOAD
Ladder program and expansion instructions	Read from PC to EEPROM.	Read from PC to EEPROM.	All contents of EEPROM written to PC.
DM 6144 to 6655		Not affected.	

Note: For details on program size, DM area, and the availability of expansion instructions, refer to the relevant PC manual.

#### Read and Understand this Catalog

Please read and understand this catalog before purchasing the product. Please consult your OMRON representative if you have any questions or comments.

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Take all necessary steps to determine the suitability of the product for the systems, machines, and equipment with which it will be used.

Know and observe all prohibitions of use applicable to the products.

NEVER USE THE PRODUCTS FOR AN APPLICATION INVOLVING SERIOUS RISK TO LIFE OR PROPERTY WITHOUT ENSURING THAT THE SYSTEM AS A WHOLE HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE RISKS, AND THAT THE OMRON PRODUCTS ARE PROPERLY RATED AND INSTALLED FOR THE INTENDED USE WITHIN THE OVERALL EQUIPMENT OR SYSTEM.

#### **PROGRAMMABLE PRODUCTS**

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#### **DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHTS**

Dimensions and weights are nominal and are not to be used for manufacturing purposes, even when tolerances are shown.

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